Saturday night and told them that they would have to close up their bars. Those that had hotel licenses soid liquors with meals to guests of the house, but the bloyclists and those that took a spin down the road in other vehicles found their drinks shut off. The proprietors of the various roadhouses and hotels were very much disgusted at the turn affairs had taken and denounced the Haines law.

The hotels in Brooklyn did a thriving business in their restaurants. The hotel men served all their guests with drinks when meals were ordered and when the order for drinks came from rooms occupied by regular guests. It was also possible for anybody who wanted a drink to order a sandwich in the hotel restaurants and get all the liquors wanted. The bars in the hotels, however, were closed.

In Williamsburgh every saloon seemed to be closed, although, in some cases there were unstairs accommodations, and there was no difficulty in obtaining at these places all the beer and liquor wanted. Some saloon keepers had registry books and insisted on every one registering his name and sitting at a table, where, with a light lunch for which one cent was generally charged, everything in the way of stimulants could be had. In front of a saloon at Broadway and Kent avenue was a placard which read:

l'ig's feet and lamb's fries for free lunch to-day. In the show window of a saloon at Grand street and Bedford avenue was the picture of a pig lying on its back in a coffin. Over other lanch counters could be seen crape and motioes, such as: "We Mourn Our Loss." and "it Never

such as: "We Mourn Our Loss," and "It Never Raines but it Pours."

Gussie Freeman, a femsie pugliist, who has a saloon at 138 Cook street, Williamsburgh, closed up her place resterday. She said last evening that if she should have to close every Bunday she would go out of business, as she gets scarcely a livelihood out of the place.

"Unless my brewer," she added, "pays for a new license I shall quit the trade, and if I do I shall challengr Fitzsimmons, Corbett, Maher, or any other puglist, as I am satisfied I can do any of these easier than I can do the Raines law."

Miss Freeman is nearly six feet tall and weighs 300 pounds. For the first time in the history of the Minden House, at Kent avenue and Broadway, that place was closed resterday. In nearly all the halls in Williamsburgh balls were going on Saturday night, Just before midnight, however, sections of police went to the halls and ordered the proprietors to close up. In one hall the proprietor had 250 suppers prepared, and the guests had to leave, notwithstanding the protests of the hall keeper, who said that the suppers would be a dead loss to him.

Superintendent McKelvey was at Police Head-

m. Superintendent McKelvey was at Police Head-

said that the suppers would be a dead loss to him.

Superintendent McKelvey was at Folice Headquarters in Brooklyn last night, and communicated with the various Captains by telephone in reference to the manner in which the law had been observed. He was gratified at the reports, as they showed an almost universal compliance with the law. He said:

"The total complaints for alleged violations of far foot up 273, but most of these are only technical, relating to the failure to have the fronts of saloons so fitted up that the interior is fully exposed. The saloon keepers received notification that the law would be enforced to-day only yesterday afternoon, and of course it was impossible for them to make the required changes. So far as I can learn there were very few attempts made to evade the law, and probably there will not be more than half a dozen of the 4,600 saloon keepers in the city who have exposed themselves to prosecution. Only two arrests for violations of the law have been made. The enforcement of the law appears to have had a most beneficial effect, for up to the present time there does not seem to have been a single arrest for intoxication since d o'clock this morning, and there is also a great falling off in the usual Sunday arrests for other offences. The law is as easy to enforce as a corporation ordinance. The policeman can observe a violation as he walks along the sidewalk, and now there will be no excuse for falling to carry out its mandates."

The new law stopped the growler rushing in the Red Hook district, and the usual Sunday afternoon mixed-ale parties in the tenements in the Red Hook district, and the usual Sunday afternoon from midnight on Saturday up to 6 o'clock yesterday morning. This is the usual number recorded by the police on Saturday nights.

Nine of these were arrested in the Tenderloin district and nine in the Red Hook district. The saloons in the neighborhood of Red Hook were all tightly closed, and those that did not know the Rames law was going into effect yesterday were left

saloons in the neighborhood of Red Hook were all tightly closed, and those that did not know the Rames law was going into effect yesterday were left thirsty.

The Prohibition League held a meeting yesterday afternoon in Jackson Hall, at 515 Fulton street, and the members were jubliant over the new turn affairs had taken in the matter of the new turn affairs had taken in the matter of the new turn affairs had taken in the matter of the new turn affairs had taken in the matter of the new turn affairs had taken in the matter of the new turn affairs had taken in the matter of the new turn affairs had taken in the matter of the new turn affairs had taken in the matter of the new turn affairs had taken in the enforcement of the law was due to the District Attorney and not to the police or Mayor Wurster, who had failed to enforce the law. A. L. Martin said he rejoiced that the Legislature had enacted a law that could be enforced. The burden was on the saloon keeper now, he said, and the new law had many good features.

He discussed the question as to whether it was legal under the new law for the saloon keeper to sell luncheon and give away beer. This, he thought, was covered by the section which said the saloon keeper shall not sell provisions, but whether prepared foods were provisions, but whether prepared foods were provisions, but whether prepared foods were provisions the courts would have to decide.

There is an impression that Assistant District Attorney Miles made an error in saying that the Raines law was in effect and giving that the Raines law was in effect and giving that the Raines law was in effect and giving that the Raines law was in effect and giving that the Raines law was in effect and giving that the Raines law was in effect and giving that the Raines law was in effect and giving that the Raines law was in effect and giving that the Raines law was in effect and giving that the Raines law was in effect and giving that the Raines and the province of the was decided upon to make a test case of the Di

EXCISE ARRESTS FEW OVER HERE The Shady Motels Can Now Resume Liquo

The old Excise law was the law the police had orders to enforce in this city yesterday, and they made only sleven excise arrests, the smallest number recorded for a Sunday. Saloon keeper are not taking many chances pending the One of the effects of the Raines law will be to

rehabilitate all the hotels against which Angel Dennett of the Parkhurst society kept up a brusad on the claim that they were disorderly houses and resorts for lewd persons. All these hotels can secure liquor tax certificates under the new law, and their right to do business cannot be interfered with or revoked except after conviction either for violation of the tax law or for carrying on an illegal business, such as the maintenance of a disorderly house. As a notel proprietor has a right to sell liquor at all

proprietor has a right to sell liquor at all hoors, even on Sunday, there will be little prospect of a conviction for violation of the liquor law. Dennett and his detectives have fought say of taking their cases to the currs, and contented themselves with appeals to the discretion of the Excise Commissioners. No such discretion will be lodged in the special deputy Excise Commissioner under the Raines law.

"I have heard a great deal about the hardship which this Raines law will work, "said a salioon keeper yeatorday. "It will work some, I know, but it will work some benefits, too. I think a direct result will be to change the compelition among brewers so that it will no longer be a question which brewery controls the most dispensaries, but which makes the best beer.

Delegate McCabe of the toold Beaters Talon reported at the meeting of the Central Labor Union yesterday that the Raines bill would do great harm to the gold beaters, gilders, and glass sign painters.

"We have to thank Tom Platt for this bill," he said, "though it does not go under his name, all the saloons give emiderment to men in

he said, "though it does not go under his name.
All the saloons give employment to men in
these trades, and thousands of them will be
thrown out of work by the doing away with so
many saloons as the bill will wipe out.

"Had luck to him and his bill," he concluded.

TWO NEW YORK CLUBS DRY.

Others Waiting to Hear that the Raines Law Is in Force.

The Raines law went into effect in two of the big clubs yesterday. These two were the Union League and the Republican Club. The members of most of the other clubs in town were wondering what was going to come after the order for the enforcement of the law was issued. It is safe to say that in every club in the city the new law was the principal thing talked about by the members, and naturally the conversation turned on safe methods of avoiding the necessity of ceasing to serve "liquors" on The favorite method talked about was the taking out of a hotel certificate. Under a hotel certificate liquor can be sold with meals at all hours of the day or night, and on Sunday either at the table or in the private rooms. hotel is described in the bill as a building cen-There are that many rooms in nearly all the large clubs in the city.

NUN reporters visited nearly all the principal glubs yesterday to find out whether the law was seing enforced and what the club proposed to do. At very few of the clubs was it possible to find out what was to be done because the club had not voted. At some of them notices were posted to the effect that hereafter the visiting list would be suspended on Sundays. At all of beer, paid for it, and then arrested Mooney. In the cubs, with the exception of the two first mentioned, business was carried on as usual.

The determination of the Union League Club catalogue free. Sweet pear free with each purchase.

So shut down entirely on the sale of liquor was

reached on Saturday night, and a notice was

reached on Saturday night, and a notice was posted to the effect.

The Republican Club managers decided early in the week that they would shut down, and the notice was posted on the bulletin board on Saturday night. Drinks have not been sold there on Sunday except at the table for a long while. The order shut off wine with dinner, and the members drank mineral water and made faces.

At the New York Athletic Club a notice was posted that, beginning yesterday, the visitors list would be suspended until further notice. Liquor was being served with meals, as usual. The superintendent of the Harvard Club said that as yet no aution had been taken by the governing body. Neither the St. Nicholas nor the Racquet Club has done anything to meet the contingencies of the Raines law. At the Racquet Club it was said that the bar had not been open on Sunday for several mouths.

The members around the houses of the Psi Upsilon, Alpha Pielta Phi, and D. K. E. clubs, while not particularly overloyed at the outlook, seemed determined to make the best of their lot under the new conditions. They will pay the \$800 tax and continue their existence. At the D. K. E. Club there was some talk of taking out a hotel certificate, as the house contains the necessary ton beds. The plan did not seem to meet with general approval.

At the German Club, 112 West Fifty-ninth street, a member of the House Committee said: This club will take out a hotel certificate when the proper time arrives, and we have already posted on the bulletin board the location of the twenty-five rooms which will be let. Our organization is comparatively small, having a membership of 225, and it is preeminently a home club. But few members come here on Sunday, but to those that do we shall continue to serve drinks with meals until we are notified to the contrary. No visitors are admitted to the club house on Sunday.

Herbert Cillie, Chairman of the House Committee of the Liederkranz Club, said that he took Chief Conlin's orders of Saturday to mean that the club house yeste

STATE EXCISE COMMISSIONER

Agreed on the Man.

There seems to be a difference of opinion beween Albany and New York about the best man for State Excise Commissioner. It was tated yesterday at the headquarters of the Republican State Committee in the Fifth Avenue Hotel that assurance had been received from Gov. Morton that he had not settled on the man he will appoint. The Governor's assurance was made in response to an inquiry based on a dispatch from Albany which announced that Fish, Forest and Game Commissioner H. H. Lyman of Oswego will be nominated to the Senate tonight. It seemed to be the impression among the State leaders of the party yesterday that ex-Senator Commodore Perry Vedder ought to be a strong candidate. Commodore Vedder was for many years Chairman of the Committee on Taxation and Retrenchment in the Senate. He was the author of the several inheritance and other direct thor of the several inheritance and other direct tax measures which are now on the statute books. He drafted and secured the passage in both Houses of a liquor tax bill similar to the Raines act which never became a law. Few persons knew that he was a candidate for Excise Commissioner, but when his candidacy was announced Col. George W. Dunn of Binghamton withdrew from the race. Although Mr. Vedder has a city residence, his political interests are centred in Chantauqua county, and should he be appointed he would be credited to that section of the State. It is not by any means certain, however, that Col. Lyman will not be named.

LAW AND PERSONAL LIBERTY. Rabbi Wintner Says Legislators Canno Restrain the Drinking Habit.

The Rev. Leopold Wintner, in a discourse yes erday on "The Higher Aims of Liberty," in Temple Beth-Elohim, Keap street, Williams

burgh, said, among other things:
"Personal liberty cannot and should not be restrained by scheming legislators and political party leaders. Liquor legislators and temperance measures, of whatever character they may be, cannot and will not check the drinking habit, nor will new-fangled alcoholic lessons in

habit, nor will new-tangled alcoholic lessons in the public schools improve much the moral standard of the community.

"All laws in this direction are like building a house and commencing at the roof. The foundation of the social celifice is educational. Morality, purity of character, and moderation in habits take their roots under the parental roof. Home induence is with us Jews the best legislative hall. The speaker of the house is the mother. Her decision is the law from which no appeal ca.. be taken."

ERROR IN THE LAW.

No Provision Made for Cities of Less Than 10.000 and More Than 5.000 Inhabitants.

ALBANY, March 29.—A typographical error has been discovered in the Raines Liquor Tax law, which operates to prevent the granting of licenses for the sale of liquor at wholesale in the cities of Hudson, Dunkirk and Olean. The mistake occurs in sub-division 2 of section 11, in which the rate is fixed for villages containing less than 10,000 and more than 5,000 inhabitants. The word "city or" should have pre-ceded the word "village," and that was the reading in the bill before it was reprinted. As it stands now no provision is made for cities of the size specified.

the size specified.

It is said that this error was discovered by Senator Raines before Gov. Morton signed the bill, but he kept the knowledge to himself, as he dreaded that if it became known it might result in delay or possible defeat for his measure. Senator Daley of Columbia county, in which Hudson is situated, intends to introduce a bill to make the necessary textual o-morroy night to make the necessary textus hange in the law.

WET AND DRY UP THE STATE. In Some Cities No Attempt Was Made to Enforce the Raises Law.

ELMIRA, March 29.-No one in Elmira would have known to-day that the Raines law was in force. The saloons did their usual Sunday business unmolested. Mayor Collin says he has not had time to examine the measure, hence the inactivity of the authorities.

Urica, March 29. - Not within the last twenty years have the places where liquor is on sale in Utica been so tightly closed as they were to day. The saloon keepers were told on Satur day night what they must do, and only one or two of them violated the law. No arrests

ROCHESTER, March 29. There was no pretence of enforcing the Raines liquor law in this city to day. The clubs voluntarily suspended the sale at midnight, Saturday, and the members stocked their lockers. There was no seri ous suffering.

SARATOGA, March 29, No attempt was made here to-day to observe the provisions of the Raines Excise law. President Sturges of the Board of Trustees, when seen to-night, said that he did not interpret the law as taking effect until May 1. Until that time, he said, nothing would be done.

Would be done.

NIXOARA FALLS, March 29.—Notwithstanding the Raines bill, saloons and music halls were

would be done.

Nixoara Falls, March 29.—Notwithstanding the Raines bill, saloons and music halls were wide open and running full blast to-day, and the Sunday was as "wet" as ever. No attempt whatever was made to enforce the law.

Albany March 29.—No effort was made either in Troy or Albany to enforce the provisions of the Raines Liquor law to-day.

Thoy, March 29.—Cohoes officials attempted to enforce the Raines law to-day, and all the saloon keepers closed but one. He did an immense business, and was arrested.

Dassyllle, March 29.—This has been the first really dry Sunday ever witnessed here. The hotels and saloons have tried to conform to the new Excise law, and have refused to sell liquors in any shape.

Tonawanda, March 29.—The Raines Excise law was generally observed here to-day, nearly all of the saloons being closed.

Batavia, March 29.—The Raines bill was enforced here to-day, and all the saloons were closed. Such a state of affairs has not existed here in years.

Synacusk, March 29.—The Raines law was generally observed in this city to-day, the large majority of saloons remaining closed with their bars exposed to view. The few places that kept open did so on the pretext that they had not been officially notified to the contrary by the Chief of Police.

Hurraio, March 29. The provision of the Raines bill requiring the closing of saloons on Sunday was not enforced in this city to-day, and bars were kept open as usual. It is considered likely, however, that the law will be put into operation before next sunday.

into operation before next Sunday.

Policeman Rube Gets Saloon Keeper Mooney.

For a long time past "Whiskers" Smith and Grimshaw, who have gained much fame in making excise arrests, have tried in vain to gain entrance to John J. Mooney's in vain to gain entrance to John J. Mooney seplace, at 5d Market street, on Sundays, Lastht Capt. Grant sent Foliceman Andrew Susenna, known to his fellow officers as "Rube," because of his resemblance to the far-famed farmer from Hackensack with a "little blunch of whiskers on his chin," to the asloon, and the watcher at the side door allowed him to pass in. The policeman bought a glass of beer, paid for it, and then arrested Mooney.

WRATH AT RAINES'S LAW. TENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT PRO-

Mayor Strong Catches It for Boing Noth

ing to Befend the City Against the Ec-publican Legislature Register Sohmer, Otto Kempaer, and G. F. Rosach Speak. As many east siders as could get in packed hemselves into ConcordiaHall yesterday after noon to attend a Tammany citizens' meeting, the announced object of which was to denounce the Raines law. The meeting was advertised by large posters bearing the heading, "Raines Hill Outrage!" in staring black type. That prepared the audience for the even more vigorous language used by the speakers in referring to the measure. Every time the Raines law or the Republican legislators were mentioned there were groans and bisses, and every time one of the speakers referred to the likelihood of a Democratic victory at the polls next No vember as a result of the enactment of the bill. there was a chorus of yells which lifted the heavy pall of tobacco smoke hanging over the crowd flat up against the ceiling.

Concordia Hall is near the centre of the Tenth Assembly district, which is represented in Albany by Otto Kempner, the principal speaker at the meeting yesterday. The Tenth Assembly district probably contains more sa-

loons than any other in the city.

Register William Sohmer presided and called loons than any other in the city.

Register William Sohmer presided and called the meeting to order. He said: "We meet to-day not as members of any party, but as citizens, to condemn and censure the party that is responsible for the enactment of the Raines Liquor Tax law. This measure is generally recognized to be a direct blow against the greatness of our city. It usually devolves upon the Mayor of a city to guard the interests committed to his keeping and to make himself the spokesman and champion of all matters that tend to its weifare and progress. Has Mayor Strong met these reasonable and just expectations? We all know that he has lamentably failed in his duty; that he has been wofully unequal to the great public trust placed in his charge by the voters of this city. The campaign against the traitors who are bent on destroying the commercial supremacy of our great metropolis is opened by our meeting. We are now firing the first gun. The issue from now until election day will be, 'is New York to be turned into a dead city?' Every citizen within the confines of Greater New York, who is not totally swayed by partisanship, will easerly help to put down the enemies of our individual welfare and our municipal prosperity."

Otto Kempner began by characterizing the

Nork, who is not totally swayed by partisanship, will easerly help to put down the enemies of our individual welfare and our municipal prosperity."

Otto Kempner began by characterizing the Raines bill as the worthy offspring of an unholy alliance between the whiskey ring and the Republican political machine. The head of the Republican political machine in the head of the Republican political machine in the head of the Republican political machine. The head of the Republican machine said to himself, according to Mr. Kempner: "We will take the liquor dealer by the throat and at the same time strew honey round the mouths of the farmers in Hayseedville. We have the Senate, the Assembly, and the Governor, and before we get through we shall have the State, and have it in shape so that it shall belong to us and to our heirs and assigns forever." Mr. Kempner described the manner in which the bill was rushed through the Legislature, and then he took up the bill itself and proceeded to shoot it tail of holes.

A grav-bearded German in one of the front rows had been moving about uneasily for some time. He evidently thought that the Assemblyman was taking the wrong line of argument, and at this point he jumped up on a chair and interrupted him.

"Meester Kempner," he shouted, "Meester Kempner, you are going into the political side of this question. What we want is to get our beer on Sunday as well as on Monday."

There were shouts of approval, the German was pulled down into his seat, and the speaker went on. He continued to talk and wave his arms. Half a dozen men started for him, and those too far away to reach him threw missiles or shouted "Fut him out."

The old German finally subsided beneath a shower of plug tobacco, clay pipes, and other convenient hardwars. Two men stood over him and kept him quiet by an occasional punch in the fibs with an umbrella until Mr. Kempner finished his speech. His concluding sentence was. "At the next election New York should send to Albany thirty-five Assemblymen who will stand shoulde

At this there was a turnult of appliause, and a hig man in the front row waved his hat and yelled "Three cheers for Tammany Hall!" When these were given the cloud of tobaccomoke vanished through the cracks in the

smoke vanished through the cracks in the ceiling.

Dr. John Friedrich made a red-hot speech to German. He was followed by Civil Justice George F. Roesch, who spoke part of the time in English and part in German.

"There are 500 saloons in this Assembly district," said Mr. Roesch, "and the Raines law will close 400 of them. Just as the so-called virtuous crusades have only succeeded in driving tainted women into houses previously respectable, so the Raines bill will convert many tenement houses into miniature saloons where sreak-easies will flourish and the law will be violated."

A young man in the middle of the hall got up

violated."

A young man in the middle of the hall got up and said that the Raines law in its main provisions was simply the reënactment of a Democratic measure. There were shouts of "Throw him out," "Jump on him," "Kill him," and the objector was glad to escape with his life.

Mr. Roesch devoted the latter part of his speech to the excessive penalties imposed by the Raines law. "What will be its workings?" he asked. "In Democratic localities Democratis will be mulcted to the full extent of the law, and in Republican districts Republicans

law, and in Republican districts Republicans will be told to go and sin no more."

At the close of the meeting the following resolutions were adopted: resolutions were adopted:
Whereas, The passage of the Raines bill was the
result of a deliberate conspiracy to injure and degrade the large cities of the State because of the
foreign born elements that predominate in their
resolutions.

foreign born elements that predominate in their population, and Whereas, The said bill violates the principles of home rule and of personal liberty, robs the cities of their excise revenues, confisedes the property and rulns the prospects of thousands of business men, and seriously interferes with the innocent social customs of our cosmopolitan communities, therefore.

therefore, That we condemn and censure the Republican Legislature and the Governor for inflicting the said iniquitous and revolutionary measure upon the people, and likewise our alleged non-partisan Mayor for his vacillating attitude and his utter incapacity to protect the municipal interests committed to his keeping.

Resolved, That we call upon all citizens who may desire to undo the mischief and harm that will inevitably flow from the Raines bill outrage to support the election of a lemocratic Governor and Assembly at the coming election.

DE FELICE HONORED.

The Socialist, Just Out of Jail, Is Received With Great Joy at Catania.

PALERMO, March 29.-Signor Giuseppe de Felice Guiffrida, who in May, 1894, was sen tenced to eighteen years' imprisonment for connection with the Socialist riots in l'alermo and

nection with the Socialist riots in Paiermo and elsewhere, and who was recently released under the decree of amnesty issued by King Humbert, visited Cararia to-day. He was a member of the chamber of Deputies when he was sentenced. During his imprisonment elections were held for members of the Nineteenth, the present Legislature, and ho was returned from the Second district of Catania.

His entry into the city to-day was a triumphal one. Special trains were run from Messina, and the city was full of visitors. A large crowd gathered about the railway station, and when De Felice appeared he was greeted with wild enthusiasm. He was carried to the carriage that was waiting for him, and after he had entered it the crowd unharnessed the horses and dragged it and its occupant to the hotsel. dragged it and its occupant to the hotel.

Count Von Bluementhal Very Ill. BERLIN, March 29. The aged Count Leonhard von Bluementhal, Field Marshal General and von Huemonthal, Field Marshal General and chief of the general staff of the Prussian army, is seriously ill with bronchitis. At his advanced age he will be 80 on July 10 it is feared that he may not recover. Empress Frederick sends Count von Beckendorff, grand master of the ex-Empress's court, daily to inquire as to the old solider's condition, and has ordered frequent bulletins to be wired to her.

Baron Russell Will Vielt Us. LONDON, March 20. The Chronicle will to

norrow say that Baron Russell, Lord Chief Justice of England, will visit the United States in September to attend the conference of jurists at

Spring

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Be sure to get Hood's and only HOOD'S. Hood's Pills cure Liver ills; easy to operate. 250



The first overcoat we made for this Spring was one at \$15.

So much labor and energy was given this first coat, that at the price, it represents possibly more value than any other in stock.

Covert cloth, serge-linedshorter than last year.

The more expensive kinds of course-\$15 to \$30; light and dark goods; soft and hard finish; serge and slik-lined.

ROGERS PEET & Co Prince and Broadway. Warren and Broadway. Thirty-second and Broadway.

FRIEND OF THE BOERS.

Garmany Sides with the Transvani in Her BERLIN, March 29.—The changed situation in

the Transvaal has reawakened the excitement against England. On all sides the preparations which the Boers are making to resist England's encroachments are approved. The consensu of opinion in the German press is that the denial made by Mr. Chamberlain, the British Colonial Secretary, that England has purchased Delagos Bay is too vague to suffice, and it is pointed out in support of this view that Mr. Chamberlain has not denied that there have been negotiations between Great Britain and Portugal look-

ing to such purchase. The National Zeitung says: "England cannot suppose that the friendliness of Germany toward the Dongola expedition implies a pledge that she will remain passive in South Africa.' The Hamburg Correspondent official declares that Germany will adhere to the declarations made in the Reichstag by Freiherr Marschall von Bieberstein, Minister of Foreign Affairs that Germany will not permit German interests

to be encroached upon.

The Tägliche Rundschau asks: "Has Germany built up an empire through blood and fron only to look on while a neighboring nation is setting the German nation at naught?"

The Weltpolitik says: "The people are stand

ing before the choice whether to be the hammer or the anvil. They cry out that they must be the hammer. The Vossische Zeitung urges the Governmen

to propose that the powers neutralize Delagos Bay and keep the Transvaal independent. LONDON, March 29.-In its issue to-morro the Chronicle will denounce the demand that is growing in certain English newspapers in favo sending a powerful expedition to South Africa. The Chronicle ascribes the demand to an anti-Boer propaganda that is being pushed by a ring of capitalists.

THE MATABELE UPRISING. It Is Not So Serious as Was Reported as Will Probably Not Spread.

CAPE Town, March 29. -According to advice received here the rising among the Matabeles is not so serious as the first despatches portended. but there is nevertheless much anxiety as to what the final outcome will be. A despatch

received to-day from Buluwayo, the principal town of Matabeleland, says that thus far twent whites have been killed by the natives. Sir Hercules Robinson, Governor of Cape Colony and High Commissioner in South Africa, has cabled to Colonial Secretary Chamberlain in London that Capt. Nicholson telegraphs from

In London that Capt. Nicholson telegraphs from Buluwayo that he has 350 rifles and plenty of ammunition. Capt. Nicholson thinks that the revolt will not spread. The only detachments of the native police who are known to have certainly deserted are thirty, who shot Commissary Bentiy. Another thirty were very restless and were disarmed, after which they deserted. Several of the white settlers who were missing and who were supposed to have been massacred by the natives, have arrived safely at Buluwayo. Gov. Robinson has furnished a mounted escort to convoy 500 rifles belonging to the British South Africa Company from Mafeking, on the Transvand border, to Buluwayo.

South Africa Company from Matching, of the Transvani border, to Buluwayo.

Among the victims of the Matabeles was family consisting of husband and wife, three grown daughters, and three sons. Commissary Bently and the other persons massacred were horribly mutilated. After death their faces were covered with dried grass, which was then set on fire, rendering the features of the victims unrecognizable. unrecognizable.

A late despatch from Buluwayo said that it was feared an attack would be made on that

May Day in Germany.

BERLIN, March 29,-The Vorwarts, the lead ing Socialist newspaper, urges the Socialists and the working people generally to celebrate May Day prudently and calmly, and only to cease work on that day where it is possible to do so without danger of collision with the an thorities and the employers. The tone of the Vorwurts's article is a vast advance in modera tion as compared with the old cry of a universal strike demonstration.

MR. CLEVELAND AS A HUNTER.

Sarcastic Resolutions Adopted by Free FREDERICKTOWN, Mo., March 29.-The Madison County Democratic Convention yesterday

adopted this resolution: Resolved, That we congratulate our weighty chief executive, Grover Cleveland, upon his chief executive, Grover Cleveland, upon his newly acquired reputation as a successful duck hunter, and that we greatly regret that he has not given more time to waging an unsparing war upon the flocks of threatening and dangerous mallards, springtails and canvas backs and less time to cooperating with foreign money lenders for increasing the banded indebtedness of an already overburdened people by additional issues of interest-bearing bonds payable only in gold."

Sellon Kaufetein Hangs Herself.

Selina Kaufstein, 50 years old, committed suicide last night by hanging herself with a clothes line in her room at 114 Underhill avenue, Brooklyn. She was employed as a servant in the household of Samuel A. Gibbons at 106 Underhousehold of Samuel A. Grosons at 100 Chaler-hill avenue.

It was her custom to leave the Gibbons house at do'clock at night. Yesterday she worked as usual, and went to her room in the evening. At 11 o'clock her body was found. She had tied a clothesine to a big nail over the window and then made a noose for her neck.

The Olympic Cames at Athens. ATHENS, March 29. There was a great influx of visitors to witness the preliminary bioyclina

and shooting contests to-day for the purpose of selecting Greek champions to take part in the Olympic games, which begin on April 5 and last nmense anditorium and the stadion or race track, on which most of the games will take place, are now nearly completed. Arrangements have been made for the illumination of the streets, the Parthenon, and other ancient monuments on the occasion of the Olympiad.

From the Alcheson Daily Globs.
An Atchison woman is writing a love story in which

the cathode ray plays a prominent part. The heroine turns the cathode ray on a young man's pocketbook, and finds it full, and his heart empty. She at once makes advances, and the young man follows her lead. He takes trick after trick by his skilful plays in the game, and is about to ask for her hand, when a friend suggests that the girl has another lover on the string. He turns the cathode ray on her heart, and finds that he occupies a very small place in it. Discouraged, he commits suicide, and the girl, who has learned to love him for himself too late, spends the rest of her life in taking solliary rambles to the cemetery, where she daily turns the cathode ray on his grave, in order to gaze again and again upon his features, and see how he his getting on. It is expected that the story will make a great hit.

EMPEROR WILLIAM'S TOUR.

A DISTINGUISHED SUITE HAS GONE

He Will Meet King Humbert in Ventee-Little Expedients by Which He Has Made Himself Popular Among Italians— The Political Significance of His Visit. BERLIN, March 29,-The imperial party, in their visit to Italy, are accompanied by a large and distinguished suite. Among those attached to the Emperor are Gen. von Plessen, Col. Engelbrecht and three aldes-de-camp, Admiral von Senden-Bibran, Chief of the Emperor's Marine Staff; Count von Eulen-burg, Grand Marshal of the Court; Baron von Kiderlen-Waechter, German Minister to Denmark, and a close confidant of the Kaleer, and Dr. Leuthold. Among the attendants of the Empress are two chamberlains and two ladies of honor, and the young Princes ire accompanied by three tutors. Court Pasto: Drysander is also with the party to officiate at the religious duties of Holy week, and Court Painter Bohrdt will make sketches of the coasts of Italy and Sicily, which will afterward

Leaving Naples on March 31 on board the imperial yacht Hohenzollern, the Emperor and Empress, with their sultes, will sail for Paermo. They will solourn five days in Sielly. and will sail thence for Venice, where a meeting will take place between the Kaiser and King

se produced in pictures commemorative of the

and will sail thence for Venice, where a meeting will take place between the Kaiser and King Humbert, the communications between Prince Hohenlohe, the German Chancellor, and the Marquis di Rudini, Italian Prime Minister, in regard to the presence of the German Emperor in Italy having resulted in the two monarchs deciding upon having a conference alone. Queen Margherita will accompany King Humbert and will receive the Empress. During the three days of the stay of the imperial party in Venice the King and Queen of Roumania will join the imperial and royal party. After the interview between the Kaiser and King Humbert the Empress will start for Vienna, where he will be joined by Prince Hohenlohe. The official press have received instructions to minimize the importance of these conferences, and to say that Prince Hohenlohe is going to Austria for the purpose of attending the marriage of his niece, and that his meeting the Emperor there is a mere coincidence, the imperial visit to Austria and the marriage of the Chancellor's niece being synchronous events. It is impossible, however, to divest the Kaiser's trip of the important fact that his Majesty will meet successively three monarchs who are his allies, meetings which certainly have some significance. It is believed here that the conferences do not relate to a renewal of the Dreilaund, that being aiready secured, but rather to the Kaiser's policy toward Russia, whose successful diplomacy in Buigaria and dominance of Turkey have created feelings of great anxiety at the Austrian and Roumanian courts, to the King of Roumania especially, that monarch being somewhat uneasy as to the prudence of his entents with the Dreibund, in view of Russia's attitude.

The enthusiastic reception given to the Emperor in Italy is largely due to his own tact. Previous to his arriving in Genoa his Majesty ordered the band of marines on board the Ho-

The enthusiastic reception given to the Emperor in Italy is largely due to his own fact. Previous to his arriving in tience his Majesty ordered the band of marines on board the Hohenzollern, which was awaiting him at Jenoa, to give a concert for the benefit of the Italian soldiers who were wounded at the battle of Adua in Abyssinia, the entertainment realizing a large sum. The Kaiser also directed Prince Henry of Prussia to visit the wounded who were being treated in the hospital in Napler the day before he himself arrived there, and another concert will be given by the marine band in Naples, where the Emperor's popularity has reached a phenomenal intensity of enthusiasm.

KILLED IN A DUEL.

Berlin Society Shocked by the Tragic Out come of an Appeal to the Code.

BERLIN, March 29.-The story connected with the duel fought on Thursday last between Lieut von Kettelshodt, an officer attached to the imperial yacht Hohenzollern, and Herr Zenker, prominent Berlin lawyer and anti-Semite leader in which the latter was killed, is of absorbing interest in social circles. Lieut, von Kettel shodt obtained permission to remain in Germany when the Hohenzollern started for Genos and it was known among his friends that his remaining behind was for the purpose of fighting the duel. Herr Zenker was a lawyer of large practice and very wealthy. He married a charming woman, by whom he had two children In the summer of 1894 Frau Zenker met Lieut. von Kettelshodt at Laboe, a seaside resort near Kiel, and their unconcealed friendship aroused Herr Zenker's jealousy to so great an extent that his wife left him in August last and went to Detmold, taking her two children with her. Herr Zenker then set to work to fine proofs of her undue intimacy with Von Kettelshodt, and, it is believed, obtained enough evidence to justify him in challenging Von Kettel-

As Zenker was a Lieutenant in the landweby he was entitled to demand a duel. The challenge was accordingly sent and accepted by Von Kettelshodt, who named pistols, both principals to fire until one should be disabled. Several naval officers accompanied Von Kettelshodt from Kiel to Potsdam, near which place the duel was fought.

Herr Zenker were the uniform of a Lieutenan in the landwehr, and his brother, a physician watched the fight. Shots were exchanged four times, Von Kettelshodt's fourth shot plercing Zenker's heart. Von Kettelshodt immediately surrendered himself to a superior officer and will stand trial.

The episode has greatly touched public feel, ing, there being, even in army and navy circles, a feeling of sorrow at Zenker's fate, and the affair will undoubtedly lead to a widespread agitation against duelling too strong for the devo-tees of the code to withstand.

HERR LIEBKNECHT'S BIRTHDAY. The Socialists Unite to Honor Their Leader in the Reichstag.

BERLIN, March 29,-The seventieth birthday of Herr William Liebknecht, the Solialist leader, was celebrated to-day, and all the Socialist Deputies in the Reichstag, the Socialist members of the Berlin municipality and the officials of the Socialist party took part. A banquet was held at which 150 covers were laid, and the chair in which Herr Liebknecht sat was garlanded with roses.

The Socialist group in the Reichstag presented their venerable leader with a bronze votive tablet inscribed: "To their Senior, Wilhelm Liebknecht, on his seventieth birthday, from the Social Democrats in the German Reichstag." Herr Singer toasted Herr Liebknecht as "a soldier in the struggle for the liberation of humanity," and compared their dignified celebration of his natal day with the war jubilees and the drunkenness of the German bourgeoisie.

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An elegant new "WATERS" Upright Piano, 7 1-3 octave, 3-stringed, full fron frame, repeating action, ivory keys, 3 ped-Als-VERY RICH, DEEP TONE, WITH FINE SINGING QUALITY, and containing all the latest improvements,

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LIVE TOPICS ABOUT TOWN.

Since the Cubans have demonstrated that warfare hardly a day has passed without one or two men inquiring at THE SUN office where they might offer their services to the patriots. In many cases they have been little more than boys without any idea of the hardships that such a service involves, and with no knowledge or equipments that would be of service to the Cubans. Such men are not wanted. The Cuban officials here say that they would not be worth the expense of transportation, and that for the most part they are merely adventurers. Another class of would-be volunteers, however, are looked upon with favor by the Cubans. These are the men who have been trained in the National Guard and because of that training are auxious to see something of actual warfare. Such a man came to The Sun office last week. He is a member of the Seventh Regiment, and he explained his willingness to go to Cuba by saying that he had no family ties and that he was strongly in sympathy with the men who were fighting for their liberty. Cubans. Such men are not wanted. The

Mayor Strong's silver baseball badge, which will permit him to see games of the National League free, wherever played, is one of twenty five badges that Andrew Freedman had to distribute. It is about the size of a silver half doller, with a basebali and crossed bats in the the centre, and the inscription "National League and American Association Circuit" around them. Both of New York's Senators have received similar badges. Mayor Strong says that he is going to use his, and he proposes to find out enough about the good old game of baseball this summer to be able to umpire the next Aldermanic game without a hitch. Paul du Chaillu, the African explorer, who

wrote tales about the Dark Continent when the present generation were children, spends much of his time in New York. He is occasionally to or his time in New York. He is occasionally to be found in the table d'hôte restaurants of the new French quarter which centres around West Twenty-eighth street, and the hardships of his earlier years, which were spent in exploration on the desert and in the jungle, do not seem to have impaired his health. He is no longer a young man, but he still possesses a vigor that many a younger man might envy.

Justice Hawkins, who presided at the trial of the Kitson slander case in London, has been a conspicuous figure in England for many years. He was counsel for the defence in the sensa tional suit brought by the Tichborne claimant tional suit brought by the Tichborne claimant, and his shrewd cross-examining attracted general attention to his share in the case, His caustic remarks in the Kitson case, making it clear that when medical and legal ethics clashed, no matter how unanimous the medical profession might be, the law was supreme, were characteristic of the man, and indicative of his way of conducting a case from the bench. He is as well known as a lover of sports as he is as a jurist, and he is frequently to be found on the various race tracks in England.

SAYS SHE'S MRS. RUSSELL MYERS A Woman in Harlem Advertising for the

Drowned Man's Last Will. This advertisement was published yesterday C USSELL MYERS, by the base of the wind of the whis last will in September last, or with nesses, communicate with his widow, 2,079 Sth av. immediately? USSELL MYERS, DECEASED.-Will the lav

A woman of 35, at the address given, said that

she was Mrs. Russell Myers. "Russell Myers was my foster father and my husband," she said. "He was connected with the Merchants' National Bank and was wealthy. My maiden name was Eme-line Kelly. My parents died when I was seven months old. Russell Myers and his wife adopted me. He was 40 years old at that time. I married a Frenchman named Philip Gracy Pique, and we lived together until he died in 1888. Then I went back to live with my foster parents. Eight months later Mrs. Meyers died. Mr. Meyers was then 70 years old. He proposed marriage to me and we got married. There was a little gossip about it, because I married my foster

got married. There was a little gossip about it, because I married my foster father. However, Mr. [Myers made a will it was just three months after his wife's death willing to me about \$10,000. This he did as a sort of a wedding gift, he said. We lived together in Columbus avenue until April, 1889.

"Mr. Myers was a member of the New York Fishing Club and other similar organizations, and was in the habit of going away on a yacht for two or three days at a time, While he was away on one of these trips the neighbors talked about me because I went out too often to suit them. They said I was a frisky young wife, and told Mr. Myers this and many more things when he got home from that trip. He believed them, and ordered me to leave the house.

"I went away and boarded with acquaintances. I wrote to Mr. Myers, teiling him that he ought not to have believed these faise stories about me. He sent me a very nice answer.

"It seemed as if we would be reconciled, when these gossips spread more stories. Then Mr. Myers drew up a new will, naming his nice. Mary Cooper, as the sole beneficiary under it.

"Six months later he and I were negotiating to live together again. Then he made another will in my favor. This was his last will, and it is for the purpose of proving it that I want to find the lawyers who drew it up.

"On Sept. 24 last Mr. Myers's dead body was found floating off Tottenville, S. I. For several days previous to the finding of the body he had been Ill. It was never learned how he was found floating off Tottenville, S. I. For several days previous to the finding of the body he had been Ill. It was never learned how he was found floating off Tottenville, S. I. For several days previous to the finding of the body he had been Ill. It was never learned how he was found floating off Tottenville, S. I. For several days previous to the finding of the body he had been Ill. It was never learned how he was found floating off Tottenville, S. I. For several days previous to the finding of the body he had been Ill. It was ne

MRS. GREYER MISSING.

Starts for a Western City with the Knowl-edge of Her Husband. Mrs. Johanna Greyer, who lived with her husband at 22 First place, Brooklyn, disappeared from her home on Friday last. The Greyers are well to do. Last night Mr. Greyer

called at Police Headquarters in Brooklyn and asked the police to assist him in searching for the missing woman.

He said he believed his wife's mind may have come unbalanced, as she worried greatly over the death of one of her sisters, which occurred two weeks ago. To one of her friends a few days ago she remarked that she intended to pay

days ago she remarked that she intended to pay a visit to Chicago. Mr. Greyer said neither he nor his wife had relatives there, and he was unable to account for a remark of this kind.

When Mrs. Greyer left home on Friday she wore a black velvet coat and a black velvet hat trimmed with ribbon of changeable colors. Her husband said she had no money with her, but had a nair of diamond earrings, a gold watch, and a diamond breastpin. He hearthed her nabeing 14 years old, having dark hair and dark eyos. She is five feet three inches toll.

At inidiaght Mr. Greyer haid a second visit to Police licalquarters. This time he said he had purchased a ticact at the Grand Contral Station for a Western city, where she has a sister. He believed that no harm had befallen her, and told the police that she probably was all right.

FATE OF PINAR DEL RIO.

THE SPANIARDS DENY THAT GEM, MACRO HAS CAPTURED IT.

It Is Certain that He Has Been Re-enforced by Garris and the Munitions the Been mada Carried - Weyler's Brutal Ordes Regarded as an Excuse for Intekery, Goods.

HAVANA, March 29,- The Government denies the rumors of an attack upon and capture of the city of Pinar del Rio by the insurgent under Macco. At a meeting of the leaders of the Autonomist party, held here to-day, it was decided to take no part in the approaching election of members

of the Chamber of Deputies, but to vote only for two Senators, one to represent the university and one the Economical Society. The decision is causing much comment.

Col. Molina reports the capture of an insurgent camp at Guasimal, near Corral Falso, province of Matanzas. The troops attacked the

camp with machetes. The rebels fled, leaving behind them fifty-five dead. Many of their wounded they carried away with them. People in the neighborhood say that many other bodies are strewn around near the camp.

HAVANA, March 28, via Key West, Fla., March 29.—Immediately after the landing of the Ber-muda expedition Gen. Macco, Calixto Gardia, and other leaders, with a long string of pack

mules, moved southwest in the direction of the

capital of Pinar del Rio province. Rumors have been current here for two days that the city has been attacked and captured. It is impossible to obtain definite news as all the wires are down. Gen. Weyler has sent nine columns of troops, about 40,000 men, in pursuit of Maceo. The latter has 12,000 men and arms, ammunition, and rapid firing guns landed by the Bermuda. The Government is still slient in regard to Gomez's whereabouts. Other sources locate him near the capital of Santa Clara province, which was entered by the insurgents on Monday. No official report of the result of the attack has yet

been made. During the week half a dozen important towns

been made.

During the week half a dozen important towns and cities were attacked. The insurgents have taken the offensive since the Garcia and Collago expeditions arrived.

Weyler's recent order declaring small hands of insurgents in Havana and Pinar del Rio provinces bandits is denounced by the Cubana, who say it opens the way to wholesale slaughter. The three brothers Ferrar, American citizens and owners of the Estrella coffee plantation near Alquizar, have filed a protest with the Consul-tieneral, saying their residence was bombarded with grape and canister, shattering the doors and windows, on March 21, while occupied by their families only, the wife of one brother being in a delicate condition. Two small children were in the house at the time. No insurgents were present. The troops looted the wardrobes and jewelry and money were taken from the house. Workmen were searched by the troops, and twelve laborers taken were treated the same as prisoners of war, and assummary court martial was ordered. Ferrar claims damages.

Gen. Bernal, commanding the troops, made an official report next day describing a brilliant victory and the dislodging of the enemy with artillery and the capturing of twelve prisoners on the Estrella plantation.

Domingo Betarte, a French citizen and owner of the Oyalita estate, has arrived here and filed a claim with the French Consul for the destruction of his property by Spanish troops. He says Duarte, manager of the estate, was shown the Frenchman named Drake, owner of the Saratoga estate, has filed a protest, asserting that Col, Molina threatened to burn the buildings and shoot all on the estate in case Drake down while wrapped in the French flag. Another Frenchman named Drake, owner of the Saratoga estate, has filed a protest, asserting that Col, Molina threatened to burn the buildings and shoot all on the estate in case Drake down while wrapped in the French flag a protest, asserting that Col, Molina threatened to burn the buildings and shoot all on the estate in case Drake, and the

FOR US AND FREE CUBA. Porto Ricans Protest Against the Action of Spaniards Resident There.

The deep-seated enmity which exists in Porto Rico between the Spaniards and Porto Ricans, and which is as decided as that between the Cubans and Spaniards, has during the past few weeks caused the officials there great uneasiness. The strained condition of affairs grew out of the action taken by the House of Representatives on the Cuban belligerency resolutions. When it became known in Mayagues. Porto Rico, a leading city, that the resoluti recognizing the insurgents as belligerents had passed the House, an indignation meeting was called by the Spanish residents of that city. A

Mayor of Mayaguez and a Spaniard, was selected Chairman. The angry Spaniards came together and diacussed the situation, the result of the conference being the following circular, in which our legislators are referred to as "foreign shop-

committee was formed, of which Salvado

"Residents of Mayaguez: A people whom we had up to this time considered our friends have recognized as belligerents those bandits who, under the pretext of seeking liberty, have risen against the mother country, brandishing the orch of destruction over the fields of Cuba. Spain cannot view with indifference the protec-tion extended to the rebels in arms. Let us, then, come together to voice our protect and prove by our acts that if there is a people who annotion such iniquitous actions there is yet to be found in us manhood enough to show that we are Spaniards above all, and that we do not tolerate any impositions and interference from foreign shopkeepers.

"Innabitants of Mayaguez, you are invited to take part in a public demonstration this even-

"Inhabitants of Mayaguez, you are invited to take part in a public demonstration this evening, at 50 clock, at the Bridge of Balboa. Long live Spain!"

Information now received by Porto Ricans in this city is to the effect that the circular did not have the desired effect, and that less than a dozen Spaniards answered the call. The reason of this hasco was that the Spanish residents in Mayaguez did not dare to incur the displeasure of the Porto Ricans, who are not only in the majority, but occupy the highest places in both the commercial and social circles.

It was only natural that the Porto Ricans did not answer the call, as the cause for which the Cubans are now fighting is also theirs, and, instead of being angered by the step taken by the United States, they rejoiced over it. Secretary jenta, whose headquarters are in this city, has Gerardo Forest of the Porto Rican revolutionary junta, whose headquarters are in this city, has received from Mayaguez and from Porto Ricans in this country letters urging some action on the part of the junta, to show that not only are they in sympathy with the Cubans, but that they have the most friendly feelings toward this country. They urge this action to show that the sentiments expressed in the circular were not those of the Porto Ricans, but emanated from the Spaniards. These letters were placed before the junta, and it was decided to send a protest to President Cleveland. Secretary of State Olney, to the Senators and Congressmen of the United States, and also to the Captain-General of Porto Rico, Mayor Suau, and the residents of Mayaguez.

St. Louis Fair Association's Stakes, Sr. Louis, March 30,-The Fair Grounds Association has announced the following dates, distances, and money for the various events

for 1896:

Inaugural—One mile, \$2,500, May D.
Laurel—Three-quarters of a mile, \$1,500, May 10,
Debutante—Four and one-balf furiouss. \$2,500,
May 23,
Hascounde—Seven furious, \$1,500, May 25,
Memorial—Sine furious, \$2,500, May 26,
Kindergarten—Five furious, \$2,500, June 4,
Club Sembers—One mile and a quarter, \$6,000,
June 9,
Mound City—Seven and a half furiouss, \$1,500,
Mound City—Seven and a half furiouss, \$1,500 and City-Seven and a half furlongs, \$1,500. June 11.

Two year-old Championship-Five and a half fue-longs, \$3,500, June 13.

National Judy-June and a half miles, \$20,000, June 20.

Hrewers'-Six furlongs, \$2,000, June 25.

Merames-One mile, \$1,500, June 25.

June 20.

J

ily 4. Raliway-One mile and seventy yards, \$1,500, niy 11. Golden Red-Six and a half furiouss, \$1,500, July 18. Musicalppi Valley - One utile, \$1,500, July 25.

The Oxen Knew Their Destination.

From the Lewiston Frening Journal. An ox team, heavily loaded with cordwood and having no driver, came down Main street in Lewiston to-day noon. It made its way to the square and backed around into position. Half an hour after a farmer aweating from every pore, made his way into the town and took pos-acession. He had some into a house to talk, leav-ing the team in the road.

Children Cry for

Pitcher's Castoria.